SOUTHWESTERN AREA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT BOARD

REFERRAL PROCESS POLICY 18-05.1

DATE OF ISSUE

January 10, 2019

EFFECTIVE DATE

February 1, 2019

APPLICABILITY

WIOA Adult, Dislocated Worker & Youth

PURPOSE

The purpose is to provide entities awarded a contract with the Southwestern Area Workforce Development Board a referral process policy for the adult, dislocated worker, youth and workforce delivery system partners.

BACKGROUND

- A. The vision of WIOA Partnerships in American Job Center is to:
- B. Connect all customers to the full range of services available in their communities;
- C. Provide seamless, customer-focused, integrated service delivery across all programs and enhance access to the programs' services;
- D. Ensure that businesses and job-seekers have access to information and services that lead to positive employment outcomes.
- E. Grantees, subrecipients, and contractors funded under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) must abide by WIOA law, regulations, and guidance, state and local WIOA policies.
- F. In addition, as agreed to in the Memorandum of Understanding core partners agree to:
- G. Provide substantive referrals in accordance with this policy to customers who are eligible

for supplemental and complementary services and benefits under partner programs

ACTION REQUIRED

The choice of referral process depends on the customer's needs, what arrangements, if any, have been agreed to with the service to which the customer is to be referred. In addition, the capacity of both the referring organization and the service to which the customer is being referred must be considered at any particular point in time.

Referral processes can occur in a telephone environment, in face to face settings or in the form of written communication (including e-mail) or a combination of these channels. A referral process selected may combine aspects of each of the processes

FEEDBACK AND FOLLOW-UP

When a referral is made, it is always useful to obtain customer feedback about the referral as well as feedback from the agency (s) to which referrals are made. A follow up call should be made to each to ensure the referral was effective.

Possible term	Characteristics	Possible advantages and disadvantages
Passive referral	The customer is given contact information for appropriate service(s) and is left to make her/his own contact at a time that best suits the customer.	This process gives responsibility to the customer to take action on their own behalf. However, there is a greater likelihood that the referral will not be taken up.
Facilitated referral	The customer is helped to access the other service, for example, the referring organization makes an appointment with the other service on the customer's behalf, asks the other service to make contact with the customer/s or a caller is transferred to the other service.	The other service is made aware of the customer, and the customer is helped to access that other service. The customer may need to wait for a response to the other service.
Active referral	The referring organization, with the customer's consent, provides the organization to which it is referring the customer with information that it has collected about the customer or with its professional assessment of the customer's needs.	The customer does not need to repeat all of their story and the agency to which the customer is referred has relevant information about the customer. However, there is a risk that the information is communicated out of context and therefore misinterpreted by the service which is receiving the referral, especially if not done as a 'warm' referral (see below).
Cold referral	The customer is transferred to another service, without any immediate communication between the service providers,	The other service may be unaware of the nature of the call or of any information or services that have already been provided. The customer may be frustrated that they have to re-tell their story or may not communicate their needs in a way that allows the other service to see why the customer has been referred.
Warm referral	A 'live' three-way conversation in the presence of the customer (whether face to face or by telephone) in which the referring organization introduces the customer, explains what has	This provides an open and transparent process in which information can be exchanged between all service provided involved. Issues can be clarified immediately. The customer does

already been done to assist the	not need to repeat their entire
customer and why the customer is	story.
being referred.	The process relies on someone being available at the other service at the time the customer is to be referred.

TRACKING OF REFERRALS

Referrals made by core partners should be made by phone or email with case notes in New Mexico Workforce Connection Online System reflecting the referrals made. This include referrals made to core and non-core partners. Case notes should also be entered regarding all follow up made on referrals. Referrals will be monitored by the Southwestern Area Workforce Development Board.

STAFF SKILLS

Sound skills and practices are critical to effective referral. Staff who make referrals must also possess the knowledge and skills needed to support people in accessing other services if required, including negotiating ways to overcome barriers to access to services.

The following checklist may assist staff to make effective referrals:

- A. I understand the customer's situation and perceived needs.
- B. The customer and I have talked about how to prioritize these needs and what options exist to help address them.
- C. The customer is willing and ready to be referred.
- D. We have discussed what issues might make it difficult for the customer to follow through with the referral.

Some additional points for staff are:

A. I have considered whether a facilitated, warm

or active referral would be desirable, based on the customer's;

- (1) ability to negotiate complex social situations
- (2) ability to provide and receive information
- (3) ability to tolerate waiting
- (4) level of ambivalence about seeking help
- (5) interpersonal style (eg. passive or argumentative)
- B. If the referral is a passive or cold referral, I have provided sufficient information and 'coaching' to help make the referral successful.
- C. (Where appropriate) I have made a plan to follow up with the customer to see how things went and to determine next steps

INQUIRIES

WIOA Administrative Entity; (575) 744-4857.

ATTESTED

This policy was approved through board resolution on February 1, 2019

SAWDB Board Chair Signature	
Date	-